Severe, and-refractory migraine is a devastating disease condition. Migraine has been ranked among the top 20 causes of disability worldwide, and around approximately 12% of the adult population worldwide suffers from migraine. Although migraine represents an important cause of temporary disability, as shown by according to recent surveys, about--approximately 50% of people with migraine, even those who suffer from disabling headaches, have never consulted a physician for this condition. When migraine headache occurring on more than 15 days per month for more than three months (in the absence of medication overuse and not attributed to another disorder), it is defined as chronic migrainous daily headache. Such Chronic migraine is usually resistant and poorly responds to classical abortive and preventive medical therapies. Since ancient times, traditional herbal medicines (e.g., lavender, acupuncture, chiropractic, and acupressure) have been used as abortive and preventive therapies for severe migraine. Non-pharmacological interventions (e.g., relaxation therapy) have been recommended for the management of migraine, and a multidisciplinary approach is used for the management of managing migrainous chronic daily headache chronic migraine. Few Unconventional treatments for the prevention of preventing migraine are, namely, include applying pressure application to the head during headache, applying ice pack application, manipulation of the neck, acupuncture, hypnosis, and herbal therapy. The aim of the present study research was designed to investigate the safety and efficacy of local subcutaneous steroid injections as anti the abortive and preventive treatment-therapy of for managing chronic migrainous daily headache migrane by local subcutaneous steroid injection. Based on our neurological literature survey, this is the first reported study in this field.

Comment [A1]: Commas are used to separate adjectives that separately modify the noun. These types of adjectives are called coordinate adjectives.

Comment [A2]: Ensuring that the subject and verb agree in number is essential for grammatical accuracy. Both the subject and verb need to be singular or both need to be plural. Here, as the subject (population) is singular, a singular verb has been used.

Comment [A3]: In academic writing, information should be presented with accuracy and conciseness. Using the right term to convey information helps in better comprehension. In the given context, “chronic migrainous daily headache” has been replaced with a more accurate and standard term, “chronic migraine.”

Comment [A4]: In American English, a comma is used after the abbreviations i.e. and e.g.